

# Design of three-dimensional structure for electrochemical energy storage

Can three-dimensional ordered porous materials improve electrochemical storage of energy?

Three-dimensional ordered porous materials can improve the electrochemical storage of energy. Jing Wang and Yuping Wu from Nanjing Tech University, China and co-workers review the development of these materials for use as electrodes in devices such as batteries and supercapacitors.

What are 3D polymer based solid-state electrochemical energy storage devices?

Here, we review recent advances in 3D polymer based solid-state electrochemical energy storage devices (mainly in SSCs and ASSLIBs), including the 3D electrode (cathode, anode and binder) and electrolyte (as shown in Fig. 1).

Can 3D printed functional nanomaterials be used for electrochemical energy storage?

Zhu, C. et al. 3D printed functional nanomaterials for electrochemical energy storage. *Nano Today* 15, 107-120 (2017). This review article summarizes progress in fabricating 3D electrodes via 3D printing techniques. Zhu, C. et al. Supercapacitors based on three-dimensional hierarchical graphene aerogels with periodic macropores.

What are three-dimensional (3D) polymers?

Three-dimensional (3D) polymers, an emerging class of organic materials consisting of pure polymers or polymer composites, possessing interconnected 3D networks and highly continuous porous structure, could be utilized in both electrodes and electrolytes of SSCs and ASSLIBs.

Can 3D polymer be used in solid-state energy storage?

3D polymer applied in solid-state energy storage has been comprehensively reviewed. The synthesis strategy and advantages of 3D polymer for SSCs and SSLIBs are presented. The modification motivation and properties of 3D polymer are stated very carefully. The challenges of future development for 3D polymer is also proposed in this review. 1.

What is energy storage in a supercapacitor?

The essence of energy storage is, in fact, charge storage in the form of ions in the electrode material. In supercapacitors (also called electrochemical capacitors), the energy is stored as adsorbed ionic species at the interface between the porous carbon electrode and the electrolyte (Fig. 1b).

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